

---

Introduction to Scattering Theory  
Exercise Sheet 3

---

**Exercise 6.**

Let  $\mathcal{H}$  be a Hilbert space and let  $S$  be a bounded and closed subset of  $\mathcal{H}$ . Show that  $S$  is compact if and only if for any  $\varepsilon > 0$  there is a finite-dimensional orthogonal projection  $P_\varepsilon$  such that

$$\|\psi - P_\varepsilon\psi\| < \varepsilon, \quad \forall \psi \in S.$$

**Exercise 7.**

Let  $A$  be a self-adjoint operator in the Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ . Show that, for any  $f \in \mathcal{H}_{\text{pp}}(A)$ , the set  $\{e^{itA}; -\infty < t < \infty\}$  is relatively compact (i.e. the closure of this set is compact).

**Exercise 8.**

- (1) Let  $A$  be a self-adjoint operator in the Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$  and let  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ . Show that  $s - \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{it(A-\lambda)}\varphi$  exists if and only if  $A\varphi = \lambda\varphi$ .
- (2) Let  $A$  and  $B$  be self-adjoint operators on  $\mathcal{H}$ . Show that  $e^{itA}e^{-itB}$  converges in the operator norm if and only if  $A = B$ .

The solutions will be discussed in the tutorial on 21.11.2018.